All About Apple ARM

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Slides, replay, and more: blogs.embarcadero.com/all-about-apple-arm-on- the-desktop

Agenda

- Intro to Arm & Apple Silicon
- Comparison with x86
- Running iOS Apps under MacOS
- Using the new Simulator
- Installing and using Windows 11 ARM
- Installed and using Linux x86 64-bit
- Deploying to M1 Powered iPad Air
- Demonstrations with Q&A



Introduction to ARM

ARM is comes from Advance RISC (Reduced Instruction Set Computer) Machine and is among the most licensed processors worldwide.

These processors are designed for portable devices—smartphones, wireless communications technologies, networking modules, etc.

ARM processors are built on a load-and-store type architecture. According to this architecture, data processing is executed only on the data present in the registers and not directly on the memory contents.

As a result, these processors follow data processing instructions that differ from those used for accessing the memory.

ARM's instruction set is fixed in length and follows uniformity. Every 32-bit ARM processor will have instruction sets—a 16-bit thumb instruction set, generic 32-bit ARM instruction set and supports 64bit processing.

ARM processors support different stages of pipelines to accelerate the instructional flow.

ARM vs x86

Size comparison between AMD Ryzen 33300X and Apple M1 Max



ARM vs x86

Since AMD & Intel are the only manufactures for x86, each CPU is generally considered compatible.

ARM has many manufacturers, and each is customized from a larger specification with many options for specific use cases and scenarios.



ARM versus x86



Overview of Apple's ARM Processors



Apple's M1 ARM Silicon Family





ÉM1 Pro







🖆 M1 Ultra



16-core Neural Engine

11 trillion operations per second





Industry-leading performance per watt

Advanced image signal processor

Secure Enclave

Unified memory architecture



encode and decode

Thunderbolt 4

Secure Enclave









11 trillion operations per second

Industry-leading performance per watt



ŠM1

PRO



200GB/s Memory bandwidth



encode and decode

Thunderbolt 4



64GB Unified memory

Up to



Neural Engine

11 trillion operations per second

Industry-leading performance per watt

5 nm process

SM1

MAX



400GB/S Memory bandwidth





Encode and decode

Thunderbolt 4

800GB/s

Memory bandwidth





SM1

ULTRA

114 billion Transistors

Silicon interposer with

2.5TB/s

interprocessor bandwidth



UltraFusion architecture

Up to

128GB

unified memory

Secure Enclave

Industry-leading performance per watt

32-core Neural Engine

22 trillion operations per second



Apple's M2 Processor





ÉМ1

€́М2

Up to

24GB

LPDDR5 memory

Second-generation 5 nm technology

encode and decode

ProRes

6K external display support

Over

20 billion

transistors

High-performance media engine

40% **Faster Neural Engine**



Industry-leading performance per watt

50% More memory bandwidth

Up to **15.8 trillion** operations per second

Up to 10-core 8-core CPU GPU 18% 35% Faster CPU Faster GPU

> **100GB/s** Memory bandwidth

Apple's ARM Silicon Family - Recap



- Apple's first desktop ARM CPU announced November 10, 2020
- Featured in MacBook Air, Mac mini, MacBook Pro, iMac, and later the iPad Air.
- With 16 billion transistors, four efficiency cores and four performance cores, and eight GPU cores.



- October 18, 2021, M1 Pro in 16- and 14-inch MacBook Pro.
- Two efficiency cores, up to eight performance cores, and up to 16 GPU cores.
- 16 Neural Engine cores, a 32 GB unified RAM with almost 200 GB/sec. memory bandwidth, and over 32 billion transistors.



- The M1 Max is a bigger version of the M1 Pro. Two efficiency cores, eight performance cores, up to 32 GPU cores, 16 Neural Engine cores, and up to 64 GB unified RAM and 400 GB/sec. memory bandwidth.
- Announced on October 18, 2021, the M1 Max is equipped with Mac Studio and MacBook Pro.



ÚМ2

- Rolled out on March 8, 2022, an M1 Ultra chip is made from fusing two M1 Max chips.
- Optional upgrade for the Mac Studio
- Up to 128 GB unified RAM that comes with a solid 800 GB/sec. memory bandwidth.
- Rolled out on June 6, 2022, the M2 chip powers the MacBook Air and the 13-inch MacBook Pro.
- Based on improved 5-nm technology.
- The chip houses over 20 billion transistors and can include up to 24 GB of RAM and 2TB of storage.
- The M2 chip has four efficiency & four performance cores and includes up to 10 GPU cores.

Moore's Law

Plot of MOS transistor counts for micro-processors against dates of introduction. The curve shows counts doubling every two years.

Data isn't published for all chips. Number is only one measure of chip complexity.

Sources https://w.wiki/5rau https://w.wiki/5rat



Data source: Wikipedia (wikipedia.org/wiki/Transistor_count) OurWorldinData.org – Research and data to make progress against the world's largest problems. Licensed under CC-BY by the

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How to run iOS apps on Mac



How to Run iOS Apps on macOS?



Start by clicking on the Launchpad icon found on your computer's dock.



You won't immediately see the app you're looking for—this is because the App Store defaults to only showing Mac apps. Click on the "iPhone & iPad Apps" listing to switch views.



Next, click on the "App Store" button. If you can't find it, use the search bar found at the top of the bat to locate the app.



Click the "Get" or Download button (which looks like a cloud icon) to start the download process.



You can now enter the iPhone or iPad app's name (HBO MAX) into the search bar found in the top-left corner of the window.

Results for "hbo max"



Once the iPhone or iPad app is installed on your Mac, select the "Open" button. The app will open in its own window and run like any other application developed for your Mac.

New ARM Based iOS Simulators



ARM-Based iOS Simulators

SimulatorVersion 14.0 (986.3)SimulatorKit 624CoreSimulator 857.7

Use Simulator to:

- Interact with your apps on different devices.
- Use your pointer and keyboard.
- Prototype and debug your apps.
- Optimize your graphics.
- Test your apps.

New in latest Simulator and Delphi 11.2

- Previous simulators ran x86 compiled apps.
- Latest simulator uses ARM compiled apps.
- Delphi 11.2 supports the iOS Simulator on ARM MacOS



Comparing Virtualization Stacks



Comparing Virtualization Stacks





UTM

- An open-source virtual machine environment.
- UTM supports both virtualization and *emulation*
- Emulation allows x86_64 architectures on ARM.

Parallels Desktop

- Parallels was the first to support Apple ARM processor
- Supports running ARM architecture operating systems including Windows, Linux, and MacOS.
- No plans for Emulation.

VMware Fusion

- ARM support still in Tech Preview
- VMware Fusion Public Tech Preview 22H2
- Release 2022-09-22
- No plans for Emulation.



Installing and Running Windows 11 ARM in a VM on Apple ARM

- Windows on Apple ARM isn't officially supported, but seems to work.
- Microsoft includes compatibility for 32-bit and 64-bit x86 binaries on ARM.
- The only issues I've seen are programs that explicitly check CPU architecture.



About Macs with M Series Chip



Your Mac computer is powered by the **Apple M series chip** that is built on the **ARM** architecture. This new platform has the following limitations:

- Existing virtual machines created on **Intel-based** Mac computers cannot work on Macs with the M series chip.
- It is not possible to create a new virtual machine using an Intel x86-based operating system installer.

On such Mac computers, Parallels Desktop uses a new virtualization engine. To create a virtual machine, you need a **VHDX** or **ISO** image with an **ARM-based** operating system.



Installation Assistant

Download and Install Windows 11



To work with Windows applications, first you need to install Windows on your Mac. Use this assistant to install Windows 11. If you already have Windows installed or want to use another operating system, skip this step.

Windows 11 Home will be installed.

Choose Edition...

Change Edition



Install Windows



Installing and Running 64-bit Linux x86 with UTM





Installing and Running 64-bit Linux x86 in a UTM VM

When you are installing an OS with a different architecture than the host you need Emulation. That is where UTM comes in. It uses Qemu to provide emulation.

(It also supports x86 VMs on iOS...)

- Install UTM from <u>mac.getutm.app</u>
- Download ISO of 64-bit x86 Linux
- Create New Virtual Machine
- Select Emulate & Linux
- Load Linux ISO
- Specify 2 or more CPU Cores
- At Summary select Open VM Settings
- Under System enable Force Multicore
- Under QEMU enabled Balloon Device



UTM Welcome Screen

Select Create New Virtual Machine





Virtualize vs Emulate

Since x86 ISO doesn't match the ARM hardware we need to choose Emulate.



	Start	
Custom		
(f)	Virtualize Faster, but can only run the native CPU architecture.	
£₽	Emulate Slower, but can run other CPU architectures.	l
Existing		L
Down	 load prebuilt from UTM Gallery	
	Cancel	

Operating System

We are installing Linux



Operating System		
Preconfigured		
Windows		
👌 Linux		
Custom		
දිබ්රි Other		
Cancel	Go Back	

Select ISO

Browse to the ISO you downloaded.





Hardware

- 2+ CPU Cores
- Optionally enable OpenGL Hardware acceleration
- Optionally change RAM 4 GB is default



Hardware	
Architecture	
x86_64	\$
System	
Standard PC (Q35 + ICH9, 2009) (alias of pc-q35-7.0) (q35)	
Memory	
4096	МВ
CPU	
CPU Cores 🤤 💶 4	
Hardware OpenGL Acceleration	
Enable hardware OpenGL acceleration (experimental)	
Cancel Go Back Continu	ie

Storage

- Optionally change storage from the 64 GB default.
- Storage is allocated dynamically, so this is really only the upper limit.
- My install took 15 GB.



Shared Directory

• Optionally specify a shared directory between the VM and host.

Shared Directory

Shared Directory Path

Shared

Clear Browse...

Share is read only

Optionally select a directory to make accessible inside the VM. Note that support for shared directories varies by the guest operating system and may require additional guest drivers to be installed. See UTM support pages for more details.



Cancel	Go Back Continue	

Summary

- Give your VM and Name
- Select Open VM Settings



	Summary	
Name	Xubuntu x86	
	Open VM Settings	
Engine	QEMU	
	Use Virtualization	
Architecture	x86_64	
System	Standard PC (Q35 + ICH9, 2009) (alias of pc-q3!	
RAM	4 GB	
CPU	4 Cores	
Storage	68.72 GB	
	Hardware OpenGL Acceleration	
Operating System	Linux	
	Skip Boot Image	
Boot Image	/Users/jim/Downloads/xubuntu-22.04.1-desktop-	
Cancel	Go Back Save	

System Settings

• Enable Force Multicore



Information		Hardware	
System	Architecture	x86_64	\$
🕅 QEMU	System	Standard PC (Q35 + ICH9, 2009) (alias of pc-q35-7.0) (q35)	\$
💷 Input		4096	МВ
Sharing		CPU	
Devices		Default	\$
🗋 Display		CPU Cores	
Wetwork		4 C	ores
⊲)) Sound		✓ Force Multicore	
+ New ~		Force multicore may improve speed of emulation but also might result in unstable and incorrect emulation.	
Drives		JIT Cache	
合 IDE Drive		Default	MB
🖨 IDE Drive		Default is 1/4 of the RAM size (above). The JIT cache size is additive to the RAM size in the total memory usage!	
A New			
		Cancel Sa	ve

QEMU Settings

 Enable Balloon Device - This allows VM memory to allocate dynamically.



(i) Information	Logging
System	Debug Logging
🕅 QEMU	Export Debug Log
💷 Input	Tweaks
Sharing	✓ UEFI Boot
	RNG Device
Devices	✓ Balloon Device
🗋 Display	Use Hypervisor
Wetwork	Use local time for base clock
্ব)) Sound	Force PS/2 controller
+ New ~	These are advanced settings affecting QEMU which should be kept default unless you are running into issues.
Drives	QEMU Machine Properties
금 IDE Drive	Default
🖂 IDE Drive	This is appended to the -machine argument.
- New	QEMU Arguments
	Cancel Save

Display

- This is where you can turn GPU support on or off.
- On: Virtigo-vga-gl (GPU Supported)
- Off: Virtigo-vga





Network

- The network defaults to Shared, which is host only. Works fine for any local VMs too.
- Change it to Bridged to access the VM from the local network.



(1) Information		Hardware
System	Network Mode	Bridged (Advanced)
🕎 QEMU	Bridged Interface	en0
📖 Input	Emulated Network Card	Intel Gigabit Ethernet (e1000)
Sharing	MAC Address	AA:2C:CD:C1:FC:58 Random
Devices		Show Advanced Settings
🗂 Display		
Wetwork		
්)ා Sound		
+ New ~		
Drives		
🔒 IDE Drive		
🔒 IDE Drive		
A New		
		Cancel Save



ubuntu.com/desktop/fla

After Install for Ubuntu/Debian Linux

- Update APT
 - sudo apt update
 - sudo apt install ubuntu-desktop
 - sudo reboot
- Enable Clipboard and Directory sharing
 - sudo apt install spice-vdagent
 - sudo apt install spice-webdavd
- Setup for Delphi <u>embt.co/Ubuntu4Delphi22</u>
 - sudo apt install curl
 - curl -L https://embt.co/SetupUbuntu4Delphi22 | bash



Connecting from Delphi

- Run PA Server in Linux
- Use the [I] command to get the IP address
- Provide the IP Address in SDK Manager

🕸 Create a Connection F	Profile		×	
Profile information This wizard will assist y deploy and run a proje	you in creating a ect on a remote n	connection profile. Connection pro nachine. <u>More information on install</u>	files are required in order to ing PAServer	
	Please specify a Profile name: Xubuntu on M1	profile name and select a platform	for this profile.	
	Pl <u>a</u> tform:		Add a New SDK	<) .
	Linux 64-bit		Select a platform:	
X	✓ Set as <u>d</u> efau	It for the selected platform	Linux 64-bit	2
RAD Create	a Connection P	rofile	Select a profile to connect:	
Remote m	achine informa	ation	Xubuntu on M1, (Host: '192.168.1.27', Port Number: '64211')	
Please specify either the remote machine name or the rem enables you to connect to the target platform only when P machine. More information on installing PAServer		e remote machine name or the ren to the target platform only when P tion on installing PAServer	Select an SDK version:	
	7	Remote machine (IP address or N 192.168.64.28 Port number	Ubuntu 22.04.1 LTS	1
		64211 Password:	OK Cancel Help	
		••••	 Test Connection	
		<< Back Next >>	Finish Cancel Help	





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